

Rules for integrands of the form $(a + b \sec[e + f x])^m (A + B \sec[e + f x] + C \sec[e + f x]^2)$

1: $\int (a + b \sec[e + f x])^m (A + B \sec[e + f x] + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx$ when $A b^2 - a b B + a^2 C = 0$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: If $A b^2 - a b B + a^2 C = 0$, then $A + B z + C z^2 = \frac{1}{b^2} (a + b z) (b B - a C + b C z)$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge A b^2 - a b B + a^2 C = 0$, then

$$\int (a + b \sec[e + f x])^m (A + B \sec[e + f x] + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{b^2} \int (a + b \sec[e + f x])^{m+1} (b B - a C + b C \sec[e + f x]) dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_+f_.*x_])^m_.*(A_+B_.*csc[e_+f_.*x_]+C_.*csc[e_+f_.*x_]^2),x_Symbol1] :=
  1/b^2*Int[(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m+1)*Simp[b*B-a*C+b*C*Csc[e+f*x],x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,A,B,C,m},x] && EqQ[A*b^2-a*b*B+a^2*C,0]
```

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_+f_.*x_])^m_.*(A_+C_.*csc[e_+f_.*x_]^2),x_Symbol1] :=
  C/b^2*Int[(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m+1)*Simp[-a+b*Csc[e+f*x],x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,A,C,m},x] && EqQ[A*b^2+a^2*C,0]
```

2. $\int (b \sec[e + f x])^m (A + B \sec[e + f x] + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx$

1. $\int (b \sec[e + f x])^m (A + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx$

1: $\int (b \sec[e + f x])^m (A + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx$ when $C m + A (m + 1) = 0$

Derivation: Cosecant recurrence 1b with $a \rightarrow 0$, $B \rightarrow 0$, $C \rightarrow -\frac{A(n+1)}{n}$, $m \rightarrow 0$

Derivation: Cosecant recurrence 3a with $a \rightarrow 0$, $B \rightarrow 0$, $C \rightarrow -\frac{A(n+1)}{n}$, $m \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $C m + A (m + 1) = 0$, then

$$\int (b \sec[e + f x])^m (A + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx \rightarrow -\frac{A \tan[e + f x] (b \sec[e + f x])^m}{f m}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(b_.*csc[e_.*f_.*x_])^m_.*(A_+C_.*csc[e_.*f_.*x_]^2),x_Symbol1] :=
  A*Cot[e+f*x]*(b*Csc[e+f*x])^m/(f*m) /;
FreeQ[{b,e,f,A,C,m},x] && EqQ[C*m+A*(m+1),0]
```

2. $\int (b \sec[e + f x])^m (A + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx$ when $C m + A (m + 1) \neq 0$

1. $\int (b \sec[e + f x])^m (A + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx$ when $C m + A (m + 1) \neq 0 \wedge m \leq -1$

1: $\int \sec[e + f x]^m (A + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx$ when $C m + A (m + 1) \neq 0 \wedge \frac{m+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $\sec[z]^m (A + C \sec[z]^2) = \frac{C+A \cos[z]^2}{\cos[z]^{m+2}}$

Rule: If $C m + A (m + 1) \neq 0 \wedge \frac{m+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$, then

$$\int \sec[e + f x]^m (A + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx \rightarrow \int \frac{C + A \cos[e + f x]^2}{\cos[e + f x]^{m+2}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[csc[e_.*f_.*x_]^m_.*(A_+C_.*csc[e_.*f_.*x_]^2),x_Symbol1] :=
  Int[(C+A*Sin[e+f*x]^2)/Sin[e+f*x]^(m+2),x] /;
FreeQ[{e,f,A,C},x] && NeQ[C*m+A*(m+1),0] && ILtQ[(m+1)/2,0]
```

$$2: \int (b \sec[e + f x])^m (A + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx \text{ when } C m + A (m + 1) \neq 0 \wedge m \leq -1$$

Derivation: ???

Rule: If $C m + A (m + 1) \neq 0 \wedge m \leq -1$, then

$$\int (b \sec[e + f x])^m (A + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx \rightarrow -\frac{A \tan[e + f x] (b \sec[e + f x])^m}{f m} + \frac{C m + A (m + 1)}{b^2 m} \int (b \sec[e + f x])^{m+2} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(b_. * csc[e_. + f_. * x_])^m_ * (A_ + C_ * csc[e_. + f_. * x_]^2), x_Symbol] :=
  A * Cot[e + f * x] * (b * Csc[e + f * x])^m / (f * m) +
  (C * m + A * (m + 1)) / (b^2 * m) * Int[(b * Csc[e + f * x])^(m + 2), x] /;
  FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && NeQ[C * m + A * (m + 1), 0] && LeQ[m, -1]
```

$$2: \int (b \sec[e + f x])^m (A + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx \text{ when } C m + A (m + 1) \neq 0 \wedge m \neq -1$$

Derivation: Cosecant recurrence 1b with $a \rightarrow 0$, $B \rightarrow 0$, $m \rightarrow 0$

Derivation: Cosecant recurrence 3a with $a \rightarrow 0$, $B \rightarrow 0$, $m \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $C m + A (m + 1) \neq 0 \wedge m \neq -1$, then

$$\int (b \sec[e + f x])^m (A + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx \rightarrow \frac{C \tan[e + f x] (b \sec[e + f x])^m}{f (m + 1)} + \frac{C m + A (m + 1)}{m + 1} \int (b \sec[e + f x])^m dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(b_. *csc[e_. +f_. *x_])^m_. * (A_+C_. *csc[e_. +f_. *x_]^2), x_Symbol] :=
-C*Cot[e+f*x] * (b*Csc[e+f*x])^m / (f*(m+1)) +
(C*m+A*(m+1)) / (m+1) *Int[(b*Csc[e+f*x])^m, x] /;
FreeQ[{b,e,f,A,C,m}, x] && NeQ[C*m+A*(m+1), 0] && Not[LeQ[m, -1]]
```

$$2: \int (b \sec[e + f x])^m (A + B \sec[e + f x] + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule:

$$\int (b \sec[e + f x])^m (A + B \sec[e + f x] + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx \rightarrow \frac{B}{b} \int (b \sec[e + f x])^{m+1} dx + \int (b \sec[e + f x])^m (A + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(b_. *csc[e_. +f_. *x_])^m_. * (A_+.B_. *csc[e_. +f_. *x_] +C_. *csc[e_. +f_. *x_]^2), x_Symbol] :=
B/b*Int[(b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m+1), x] + Int[(b*Csc[e+f*x])^m * (A+C*Csc[e+f*x]^2), x] /;
FreeQ[{b,e,f,A,B,C,m}, x]
```

$$3: \int (a + b \sec[e + f x]) (A + B \sec[e + f x] + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion, nondegenerate secant recurrence 1b with $c \rightarrow \theta$, $d \rightarrow 1$, $A \rightarrow a c$, $B \rightarrow b c + a d$, $C \rightarrow b d$, $m \rightarrow m + 1$, $n \rightarrow \theta$, $p \rightarrow \theta$ and algebraic simplification

$$\text{Basis: } A + B z + C z^2 == \frac{C (d z)^2}{d^2} + A + B z$$

Rule:

$$\int (a + b \sec[e + f x]) (A + B \sec[e + f x] + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{C}{d^2} \int (a + b \sec[e + f x]) (d \sec[e + f x])^2 dx + \int (a + b \sec[e + f x]) (A + B \sec[e + f x]) dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{b C \sec[e + f x] \tan[e + f x]}{2 f} + \frac{1}{2} \int (2 A a + (2 B a + b (2 A + C)) \sec[e + f x] + 2 (a C + B b) \sec[e + f x]^2) dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_+f_.*x_])*(A_+B_.*csc[e_+f_.*x_]+C_.*csc[e_+f_.*x_]^2),x_Symbol] :=
-b*C*Csc[e+f*x]*Cot[e+f*x]/(2*f) +
1/2*Int[Simp[2*A*a+(2*B*a+b*(2*A+C))*Csc[e+f*x]+2*(a*C+B*b)*Csc[e+f*x]^2,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,A,B,C},x]
```

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_+f_.*x_])*(A_+C_.*csc[e_+f_.*x_]^2),x_Symbol] :=
-b*C*Csc[e+f*x]*Cot[e+f*x]/(2*f) +
1/2*Int[Simp[2*A*a+b*(2*A+C)*Csc[e+f*x]+2*a*C*Csc[e+f*x]^2,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,A,C},x]
```

$$4: \int \frac{A + B \sec[e + f x] + C \sec[e + f x]^2}{a + b \sec[e + f x]} dx$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

$$\text{Basis: } \frac{A+Bz+Cz^2}{a+bz} = \frac{Cz}{b} + \frac{Ab+(bB-aC)z}{b(a+bz)}$$

Rule:

$$\int \frac{A + B \sec[e + f x] + C \sec[e + f x]^2}{a + b \sec[e + f x]} dx \rightarrow \frac{C}{b} \int \sec[e + f x] dx + \frac{1}{b} \int \frac{Ab + (bB - aC) \sec[e + f x]}{a + b \sec[e + f x]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(A_+B_.*csc[e_+f_.*x_]+C_.*csc[e_+f_.*x_]^2)/(a_+b_.*csc[e_+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  C/b*Int[Csc[e+f*x],x] + 1/b*Int[(A*b+(b*B-a*C)*Csc[e+f*x])/(a+b*Csc[e+f*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,A,B,C},x]
```

```
Int[(A_+C_.*csc[e_+f_.*x_]^2)/(a_+b_.*csc[e_+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  C/b*Int[Csc[e+f*x],x] + 1/b*Int[(A*b-a*C*Csc[e+f*x])/(a+b*Csc[e+f*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,A,C},x]
```

$$5. \int (a + b \sec[e + f x])^m (A + B \sec[e + f x] + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 = 0$$

$$1: \int (a + b \sec[e + f x])^m (A + B \sec[e + f x] + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m < -\frac{1}{2}$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion, singly degenerate secant recurrence 2b with $A \rightarrow 1$, $B \rightarrow 0$, $p \rightarrow 0$ and algebraic simplification

$$\text{Basis: If } a^2 - b^2 = 0, \text{ then } A + B z + C z^2 = \frac{aA - bB + aC}{a} + \frac{(a+bz)(bB - aC + bCz)}{b^2}$$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m < -\frac{1}{2}$, then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \sec[e + f x])^m (A + B \sec[e + f x] + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx \rightarrow \\ & \frac{aA - bB + aC}{a} \int (a + b \sec[e + f x])^m dx + \frac{1}{b^2} \int (a + b \sec[e + f x])^{m+1} (bB - aC + bC \sec[e + f x]) dx \rightarrow \\ & \frac{(aA - bB + aC) \tan[e + f x] (a + b \sec[e + f x])^m}{af(2m+1)} + \\ & \frac{1}{ab(2m+1)} \int (a + b \sec[e + f x])^{m+1} (Ab(2m+1) + (bB(m+1) - a(A(m+1) - Cm)) \sec[e + f x]) dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a+b_*csc[e_+f_*x_])^m*(A_+B_*csc[e_+f_*x_]+C_*csc[e_+f_*x_]^2),x_Symbol] :=
  -(a*A-b*B+a*C)*Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m+1)) +
  1/(a*b*(2*m+1))*Int[(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m+1)*Simp[A*b*(2*m+1)+(b*B*(m+1)-a*(A*(m+1)-C*m))*Csc[e+f*x],x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,A,B,C},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1/2]
```

```
Int[(a+b_*csc[e_+f_*x_])^m*(A_+C_*csc[e_+f_*x_]^2),x_Symbol] :=
  -a*(A+C)*Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m+1)) +
  1/(a*b*(2*m+1))*Int[(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m+1)*Simp[A*b*(2*m+1)-a*(A*(m+1)-C*m)*Csc[e+f*x],x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,A,C},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1/2]
```

$$2: \int (a + b \sec[e + f x])^m (A + B \sec[e + f x] + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \neq -\frac{1}{2}$$

Derivation: Nondegenerate secant recurrence 1b with $p \rightarrow 0$ and $a^2 - b^2 = 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion and singly degenerate secant recurrence 2c with $A \rightarrow c$, $B \rightarrow d$, $n \rightarrow n + 1$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Basis: $A + B z + C z^2 = C z^2 + A + B z$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \neq -\frac{1}{2}$, then

$$\int (a + b \sec[e + f x])^m (A + B \sec[e + f x] + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx \rightarrow$$

$$C \int (a + b \sec[e + f x])^m \sec[e + f x]^2 dx + \int (a + b \sec[e + f x])^m (A + B \sec[e + f x]) dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{C \tan[e + f x] (a + b \sec[e + f x])^m}{f (m + 1)} + \frac{1}{b (m + 1)} \int (a + b \sec[e + f x])^m (A b (m + 1) + (a C m + b B (m + 1)) \sec[e + f x]) dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_+f_.*x_])^m_.*(A_+B_.*csc[e_+f_.*x_]+C_.*csc[e_+f_.*x_]^2),x_Symbol] :=
-C*Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m/(f*(m+1)) +
1/(b*(m+1))*Int[(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m+1)+(a*C*m+b*B*(m+1))*Csc[e+f*x],x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,A,B,C,m},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[LtQ[m,-1/2]]
```

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_+f_.*x_])^m_.*(A_+C_.*csc[e_+f_.*x_]^2),x_Symbol] :=
-C*Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m/(f*(m+1)) +
1/(b*(m+1))*Int[(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m+1)+a*C*m*Csc[e+f*x],x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,A,C,m},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[LtQ[m,-1/2]]
```


6. $\int (a + b \sec[e + f x])^m (A + B \sec[e + f x] + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$

1. $\int (a + b \sec[e + f x])^m (A + B \sec[e + f x] + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge 2m \in \mathbb{Z}$

1: $\int (a + b \sec[e + f x])^m (A + B \sec[e + f x] + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge 2m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Nondegenerate secant recurrence 1b with $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge m > 0$, then

$$\int (a + b \sec[e + f x])^m (A + B \sec[e + f x] + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{C \tan[e + f x] (a + b \sec[e + f x])^m}{f (m + 1)} +$$

$$\frac{1}{m + 1} \int (a + b \sec[e + f x])^{m-1} (a A (m + 1) + ((A b + a B) (m + 1) + b C m) \sec[e + f x] + (b B (m + 1) + a C m) \sec[e + f x]^2) dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_+f_.*x_])^m_.*(A_+B_.*csc[e_+f_.*x_]+C_.*csc[e_+f_.*x_]^2),x_Symbol1] :=
-C*Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m/(f*(m+1)) +
1/(m+1)*Int[(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m-1)*
Simp[a*A*(m+1)+(A*b+a*B)*(m+1)+b*C*m)*Csc[e+f*x]+(b*B*(m+1)+a*C*m)*Csc[e+f*x]^2,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,A,B,C},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IGtQ[2*m,0]
```

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_+f_.*x_])^m_.*(A_+C_.*csc[e_+f_.*x_]^2),x_Symbol1] :=
-C*Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m/(f*(m+1)) +
1/(m+1)*Int[(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m-1)*Simp[a*A*(m+1)+(A*b*(m+1)+b*C*m)*Csc[e+f*x]+a*C*m*Csc[e+f*x]^2,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,A,C},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IGtQ[2*m,0]
```

2. $\int (a + b \sec[e + f x])^m (A + B \sec[e + f x] + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge 2m \in \mathbb{Z}^-$

$$1: \int \frac{A + B \sec[e + f x] + C \sec[e + f x]^2}{\sqrt{a + b \sec[e + f x]}} dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

$$\text{Basis: } A + B z + C z^2 = A + (B - C) z + C z (1 + z)$$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{A + B \sec[e + f x] + C \sec[e + f x]^2}{\sqrt{a + b \sec[e + f x]}} dx \rightarrow \int \frac{A + (B - C) \sec[e + f x]}{\sqrt{a + b \sec[e + f x]}} dx + C \int \frac{\sec[e + f x] (1 + \sec[e + f x])}{\sqrt{a + b \sec[e + f x]}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(A_.+B_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]+C_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]^2)/Sqrt[a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
  Int[(A+(B-C)*Csc[e+f*x])/Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]],x] + C*Int[Csc[e+f*x]*(1+Csc[e+f*x])/Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,A,B,C},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

```
Int[(A_.+C_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]^2)/Sqrt[a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
  Int[(A-C*Csc[e+f*x])/Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]],x] + C*Int[Csc[e+f*x]*(1+Csc[e+f*x])/Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,A,C},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

$$2: \int (a + b \sec[e + f x])^m (A + B \sec[e + f x] + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge 2m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m < -1$$

Derivation: Nondegenerate secant recurrence 1c with $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge 2m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m < -1$, then

$$\int (a + b \sec[e + f x])^m (A + B \sec[e + f x] + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx \rightarrow$$

$$-\frac{(A b^2 - a b B + a^2 C) \tan[e + f x] (a + b \sec[e + f x])^{m+1}}{a f (m + 1) (a^2 - b^2)} +$$

$$\frac{1}{a (m + 1) (a^2 - b^2)} \int (a + b \sec[e + f x])^{m+1} dx$$

$$(A(a^2 - b^2)(m+1) - a(Ab - aB + bC)(m+1) \operatorname{Sec}[e+fx] + (Ab^2 - abB + a^2C)(m+2) \operatorname{Sec}[e+fx]^2) dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(A_.+B_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]+C_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]^2),x_Symbol1] :=
(A*b^2-a*b*B+a^2*C)*Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m+1)/(a*f*(m+1)*(a^2-b^2)) +
1/(a*(m+1)*(a^2-b^2))*Int[(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m+1)*
Simp[A*(a^2-b^2)*(m+1)-a*(A*b-a*B+b*C)*(m+1)*Csc[e+f*x]+(A*b^2-a*b*B+a^2*C)*(m+2)*Csc[e+f*x]^2,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,A,B,C},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1]
```

```
Int[(a+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(A_.+C_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]^2),x_Symbol1] :=
(A*b^2+a^2*C)*Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m+1)/(a*f*(m+1)*(a^2-b^2)) +
1/(a*(m+1)*(a^2-b^2))*Int[(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m+1)*
Simp[A*(a^2-b^2)*(m+1)-a*b*(A+C)*(m+1)*Csc[e+f*x]+(A*b^2+a^2*C)*(m+2)*Csc[e+f*x]^2,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,A,C},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LtQ[m,-1]
```

2: $\int (a+b \operatorname{Sec}[e+fx])^m (A+B \operatorname{Sec}[e+fx]+C \operatorname{Sec}[e+fx]^2) dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge 2m \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: $A + Bz + Cz^2 = \frac{A+b(bB-aC)z}{b} + \frac{Cz(a+bz)}{b}$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge 2m \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int (a+b \operatorname{Sec}[e+fx])^m (A+B \operatorname{Sec}[e+fx]+C \operatorname{Sec}[e+fx]^2) dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{1}{b} \int (a+b \operatorname{Sec}[e+fx])^m (A+b+(bB-aC) \operatorname{Sec}[e+fx]) dx + \frac{C}{b} \int \operatorname{Sec}[e+fx] (a+b \operatorname{Sec}[e+fx])^{m+1} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(A_.+B_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]+C_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]^2),x_Symbol1] :=
1/b*Int[(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m*(A+b+(b*B-a*C)*Csc[e+f*x]),x] + C/b*Int[Csc[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,A,B,C,m},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[2*m]]
```

```
Int [(a_+b_.*csc[e_+f_.*x_])^m_*(A_+C_.*csc[e_+f_.*x_]^2),x_Symbol] :=
  1/b*Int [(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m*(A*b-a*C*Csc[e+f*x]),x] + C/b*Int [Csc[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,A,C,m},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[2*m]]
```

Rules for integrands of the form $(a (b \sec[e + f x])^p)^m (A + B \sec[e + f x] + C \sec[e + f x]^2)$

1: $\int (b \cos[e + f x])^m (A + B \sec[e + f x] + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx$ when $m \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic normalization

$$\text{Basis: } A + B \sec[z] + C \sec[z]^2 = \frac{b^2 (C + B \cos[z] + A \cos[z]^2)}{(b \cos[z])^2}$$

Rule: If $m \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int (b \cos[e + f x])^m (A + B \sec[e + f x] + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx \rightarrow b^2 \int (b \cos[e + f x])^{m-2} (C + B \cos[e + f x] + A \cos[e + f x]^2) dx$$

Program code:

```
Int [(b_.*cos[e_+f_.*x_])^m_*(A_+B_.*sec[e_+f_.*x_]+C_.*sec[e_+f_.*x_]^2),x_Symbol] :=
  b^2*Int [(b*cos[e+f*x])^(m-2)*(C+B*cos[e+f*x]+A*cos[e+f*x]^2),x] /;
FreeQ[{b,e,f,A,B,C,m},x] && Not[IntegerQ[m]]
```

```
Int [(b_.*sin[e_+f_.*x_])^m_*(A_+B_.*csc[e_+f_.*x_]+C_.*csc[e_+f_.*x_]^2),x_Symbol] :=
  b^2*Int [(b*sin[e+f*x])^(m-2)*(C+B*sin[e+f*x]+A*sin[e+f*x]^2),x] /;
FreeQ[{b,e,f,A,B,C,m},x] && Not[IntegerQ[m]]
```

```
Int [(b_.*cos[e_+f_.*x_])^m_*(A_+C_.*sec[e_+f_.*x_]^2),x_Symbol] :=
  b^2*Int [(b*cos[e+f*x])^(m-2)*(C+A*cos[e+f*x]^2),x] /;
FreeQ[{b,e,f,A,C,m},x] && Not[IntegerQ[m]]
```

```
Int [(b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(A_.+C_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]^2),x_Symbol] :=
  b^2*Int [(b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-2)*(C+A*Sin[e+f*x]^2),x] /;
FreeQ[{b,e,f,A,C,m},x] && Not[IntegerQ[m]]
```

2: $\int (a (b \sec[e + f x])^p)^m (A + B \sec[e + f x] + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx$ when $m \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: $\partial_x \frac{(a (b \sec[e + f x])^p)^m}{(b \sec[e + f x])^{m p}} = 0$

Rule: If $m \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int (a (b \sec[e + f x])^p)^m (A + B \sec[e + f x] + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{a^{\text{IntPart}[m]} (a (b \sec[e + f x])^p)^{\text{FracPart}[m]}}{(b \sec[e + f x])^{p \text{FracPart}[m]}} \int (b \sec[e + f x])^{m p} (A + B \sec[e + f x] + C \sec[e + f x]^2) dx$$

Program code:

```
Int [(a_.*(b_.*sec[e_.+f_.*x_]^p_)^m_*(A_.+B_.*sec[e_.+f_.*x_]+C_.*sec[e_.+f_.*x_]^2),x_Symbol] :=
  a^IntPart[m]*(a*(b*Sec[e+f*x])^p)^FracPart[m]/(b*Sec[e+f*x])^(p*FracPart[m])*
  Int [(b*Sec[e+f*x])^(m*p)*(A+B*Sec[e+f*x]+C*Sec[e+f*x]^2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,A,B,C,m,p},x] && Not[IntegerQ[m]]
```

```
Int [(a_.*(b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]^p_)^m_*(A_.+B_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]+C_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]^2),x_Symbol] :=
  a^IntPart[m]*(a*(b*Csc[e+f*x])^p)^FracPart[m]/(b*Csc[e+f*x])^(p*FracPart[m])*
  Int [(b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m*p)*(A+B*Csc[e+f*x]+C*Csc[e+f*x]^2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,A,B,C,m,p},x] && Not[IntegerQ[m]]
```

```
Int [(a_.*(b_.*sec[e_.+f_.*x_]^p_)^m_*(A_.+C_.*sec[e_.+f_.*x_]^2),x_Symbol] :=
  a^IntPart[m]*(a*(b*Sec[e+f*x])^p)^FracPart[m]/(b*Sec[e+f*x])^(p*FracPart[m])*
  Int [(b*Sec[e+f*x])^(m*p)*(A+C*Sec[e+f*x]^2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,A,C,m,p},x] && Not[IntegerQ[m]]
```

```

Int [ (a_.* (b_.*csc [e_.*f_.*x_] ) ^p_ ) ^m_.* (A_.*C_.*csc [e_.*f_.*x_] ^2), x_Symbol] :=
  a^IntPart [m] * (a * (b*Csc [e+f*x] ) ^p) ^FracPart [m] / (b*Csc [e+f*x] ) ^ (p*FracPart [m]) *
  Int [ (b*Csc [e+f*x] ) ^ (m*p) * (A+C*Csc [e+f*x] ^2), x] /;
FreeQ [ {a,b,e,f,A,C,m,p}, x] && Not [IntegerQ [m]]

```